

# What is the legacy of the Ancient Greeks?

## Skills:

- Understand how knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources and ask questions about these.
- Identify and give reasons for and the results of historical events and changes.
- Chronology - establish a clear narrative within the period.
- Understand that different versions of the past may exist.

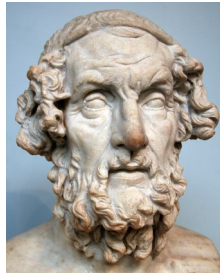
## Key vocabulary:

barrier	Mount Olympus
city-state	Underworld
colony	polis
Romans	temple
Athens	philosopher
democracy	morality
assembly	legacy
enslaved person	Olympic Games
Sparta	elect
militaristic	architecture
council	significant
myth	
culture	

## Must—know knowledge:

- Ancient Greeks lived in city-states, with their own laws, government and money but they shared the same language, culture and religion.
- The two most important city-states were Athens and Sparta.
- The first Olympic Games took place in Ancient Greece.
- The Ancient Greeks had many gods and goddesses and many myths that surrounded them.
- Democracy was invented in Ancient Greece.
- The ideas and developments of the Ancient Greeks continue to influence us today in modern times (examples: democracy, language, architecture, literature etc.).

Homer (700s BCE) was a Greek poet who wrote "The Iliad" based on the Trojan War as well as "The Odyssey," which are two of the oldest poems in the world.



**Add the missing dates to the key events below as we work through the learning journey:**

