RSHE: Health 1

How are our physical and mental health connected?

Key vocabulary

use by health

best before habit

carbohydrate choices

sugars consequences

nutrition labels UV

nutrition claims dental hygiene

sleep mental health

routines self esteem

environment personality

melatonin positive reframing

Each 40g serving contains

 Calories
 Sugars
 Fat
 Saturates
 Salt

 112
 7g
 1.5g
 0.3g
 0.5g

 6%
 8%
 2%
 1%
 8%

of an adult's guideline daily amount

Nutrition **Typical values** GDA* 50g with for a 100g 300ml water typical contains contains %GDA* adult 760kJ **Energy** 1515kJ 360kcal 180kcal 9% 2000kcal Protein 11.0g 5.5g Carbohydrate 60.4g 30.2g of which sugars 1.5g 0.8_a 1% 90q 8.1g 6% 70g 4.1g of which saturates 1.6g 0.8g 4% 20q mono-unsaturates 3.8g 1.9g polyunsaturates 2.7g 1.4g **Fibre** 8.5g 4.3q Sodium trace trace Salt equivalent <1% 6g trace trace *Guideline daily amounts

Must know knowledge

- Product packaging protects food or drink from damage or spillage; keeps it safe from bacteria, pollution or vermin and gives us information about the food or drink.
- Labels show us the information per 100g so we can compare foods.
- It is healthier to choose foods that are low in fat, sugars and salt.
- The melatonin produced by the pineal gland controls the sleep/awake cycle.
- Bedtime and day routines promote good quality sleep.
- Our choices affect our health, so we are responsible for taking care of it.
- Mind and body are connected.
- Anxiety is a feeling of worry or nervousness.
- Our habits can help us to manage our anxiety.
- Self-esteem is what we think about ourselves based on: one's own worth, abilities, or morals.
- Reframing means taking a negative and changing our mindset to find the positive in it

RSHE reminders



